



## Conclusions and recommendations

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### Abstract:

New York City faces significant risks from climate change and must begin taking action immediately to protect its citizens. Climate change adaptation demands a reexamination of the everyday assumptions about managing the city's critical infrastructure. Climate impacts will occur over a number of timescales. Some are already being felt today and should be addressed in the near-term, while others will occur later in the century and should be addressed as part of a long-term risk-based approach to climate change.

**Source:** <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1749-6632.2009.05322.x>

### Resource Description

#### Communication:

resource focus on research or methods on how to communicate or frame issues on climate change; surveys of attitudes, knowledge, beliefs about climate change

A focus of content

#### Communication Audience:

audience to whom the resource is directed

Policymaker

#### Exposure :

weather or climate related pathway by which climate change affects health

Extreme Weather Event, Sea Level Rise, Temperature, Unspecified Exposure

**Extreme Weather Event:** Drought, Flooding

**Temperature:** Extreme Heat, Fluctuations

#### Geographic Feature:

resource focuses on specific type of geography

Ocean/Coastal, Urban

#### Geographic Location:

resource focuses on specific location

# Climate Change and Human Health Literature Portal

United States

## Health Impact:

specification of health effect or disease related to climate change exposure

Health Outcome Unspecified

## Mitigation/Adaptation:

mitigation or adaptation strategy is a focus of resource

Adaptation, Mitigation

## Resource Type:

format or standard characteristic of resource

Policy/Opinion, Policy/Opinion, Review

## Timescale:

time period studied

Time Scale Unspecified